Transbay Transit Center Cost Review Phases 1 and 2

Programming and Allocations Committee

November 4, 2015



Transbay Transit Center Review

- Determine, with TJPA, budget requirement to successfully deliver Phase 1
- Work with TJPA and funding partners on funding and financing strategies to close funding shortfall
- Review Phase 2 cost estimate to understand funding needs going forward
- Ultimately, ensure successful delivery of both project phases

Phase 1 Update

 September MTC cost and risk review suggested that additional budget range would be prudent:

	(\$ millions)
Approved budget (2013)	\$1,899
Proposed new request (July 2015, TJPA)	\$247
Proposed new total (July 2015, TJPA)	\$2,146
Potential additional exposure (Sept. 2015, MTC)	\$48-244
New Total (Sept. 2015, MTC)	\$2,194-\$2,390

Phase 1 Update

Latest risk analysis by TJPA provides updated range:

	Budget Needed Above Current \$1.9 B Baseline (\$ millions)		Buc	d Revised dget lions)
Confidence Level	Bottom-Up Model	Top-Down Model (FTA)	Bottom-Up Model	Top-Down Model (FTA)
30%	289	257	2,189	2,156
50%	307	316	2,207	2,216
70%	325	390	2,224	2,290

 Based on cost review and updated risk model, recommended/agreed-upon budget addition is \$360 million, for a total budget of \$2.26 billion.

Phase 1 Update

- Potential Funding Sources:
 - Parcel F
 - Other options being discussed among funding partners
- TJPA may award some contracts in November, budget amendment would follow
- Also working with TJPA on cash flow issue related to restrictions on land sales revenues (only eligible for Capital Costs)

Phase 2 Review

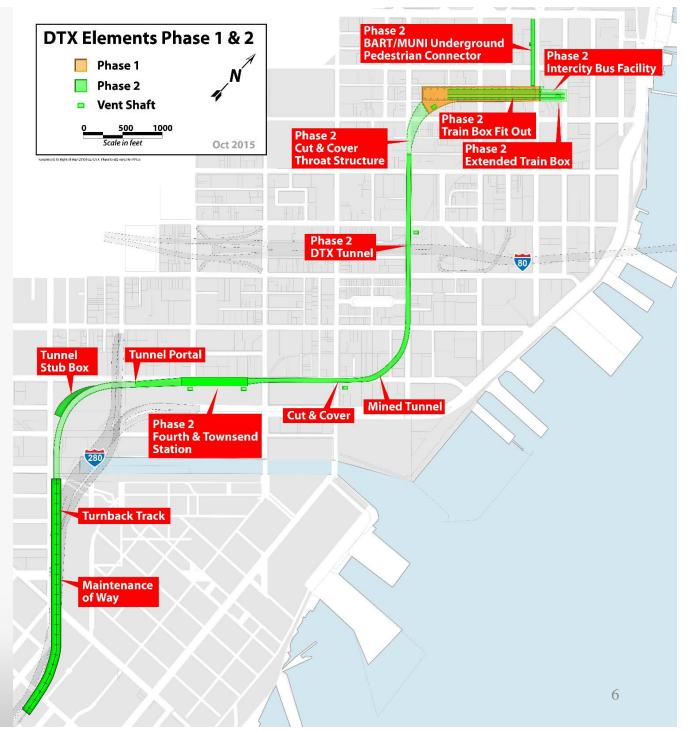
- Confirm scope of Phase 2
- Assess reasonableness of estimated costs
 - Basis: 2010 Preliminary Engineering Plans and Cost Estimate, adjusted to \$3.0 billion (year of expenditure)
 - Focus areas: annual escalation rate, assumed fee/profit, indirect costs, missing items, project contingency, unit rates
- Provide high-level evaluation of procurement options

Phase 2 Project Scope:

- Downtown
 Extension (track, tunneling, 4th and Townsend station, utility relocation, systems)
- Train box fit out
- Minor Caltrain Yard modifications
- Train box extension
- Intercity bus facility
- Tunnel stub box

Included in EIR but not in cost estimate:

- BART/Muni underground connector
- = New element



Annual Escalation Rate

- Current estimate assumes 3% annual escalation rate to year of expenditure
- Caltrans California Highway Construction Cost Index exceeds 3% annual escalation assumptions
- Recommended escalation rate: 5%/year
- Impact to estimate: \$433 million

Contractor Fee/Profit

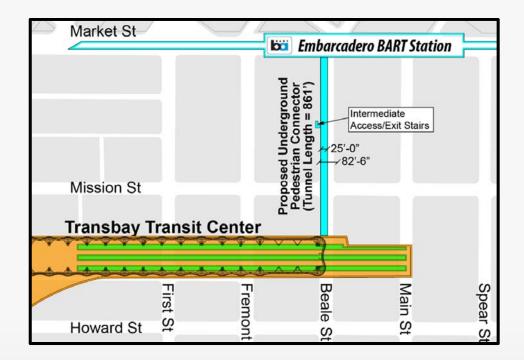
- Current estimate assumes 5% contractor fee/profit
- Given project complexity and risk, level of competition, and market outlook, bidders are likely to include a higher fee/profit
- Recommended assumed contractor fee/profit: 10%
- Impact to estimate: \$100 million

Other Cost Items

Item	Impact to Estimate (\$ millions)	
Project Contingency	93	Recommend 27% contingency for current design stage (vs. 24% used)
Missing Items	58	Three non-minor items not included in 30% design and estimate, costs should be added
Indirect Costs		Rate of 26% used in estimate appears reasonable
Unit Rates/ Schedule		Appear reasonable
Labor Productivity	—/TBD	Some assumptions warrant further review due to project location and complexity

Other Phase 2 Observations

- Perform value engineering/ constructability reviews
- Evaluate potential for phasing (e.g., advance utility relocation)
- Engage Caltrain and California High Speed Rail Authority in active scope management
- Include BART/Muni pedestrian connector in program



Summary of Potential Adjustments to Phase 2 Cost Estimate

Item	(\$ millions)
TJPA Base Estimate (YOE)	\$3,005
Escalation (using 5%, instead of 3%)	\$433
Fee adjustment (assuming 10%, instead of 5%)	\$100
Contingency (using 27%, instead of 24%)	\$93
Missing items	\$58
Total Adjustments	\$684
Add BART/Muni Pedestrian Connector	\$120-310
Total Adjusted Estimate	\$3,809-3,999

Project Procurement Models

- Four main procurement models
 - Design-Bid-Build
 - Design-Build
 - Construction Manager/ General Contractor
 - Public-Private Partnership (P3)
- Key variances are in risk allocation, funding streams, and amount of project control by owner
- Potential cost savings with design-build and public-private partnership
- TJPA currently undertaking study of models for Phase 2

Next Steps

- Continue Phase 1 funding discussions
- Consider role in decision process (configuration management board or similar)
- Review on-going Phase 2 procurement study